ENGLANDS

Mourning Garment:

Worne heere by plaine Shepheards, in memorie of their facred Mistresse, ELIZABETH; Queene of Vertue while she lived, and Theame of Sorrow being dead.

To the which is added the true manner of her Emperiall Funerall. With many new additions, being now agains the second time reprinted, which was omitted in the first Impression.

Spring-Song, for entertainment of King

I AMES our most potent

Sourraigne.

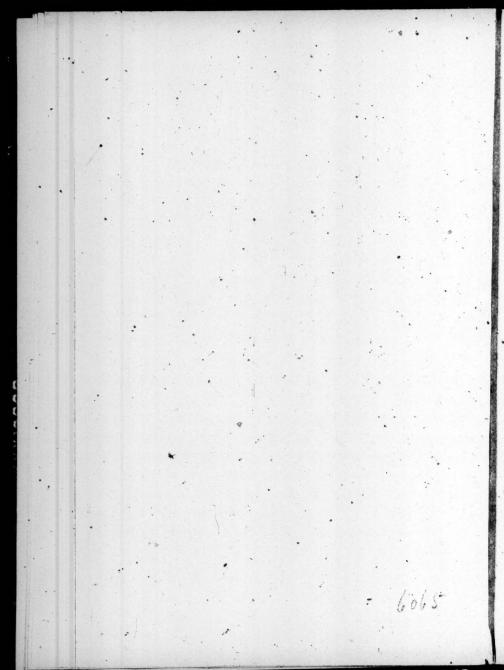
Dedicated to all that loued the deceased

Queene, and honour the lining

King.



Imprinted at London for Thomas Millington, and are to be fold at the signe of the Crane in Paules Churchyard by Walter Burre.





To all true Louers of the right gracious Queene Elizabeth, in her life; being vndoubtedly those faithfull Subjects that now bonour and affect our most potent Lord, King James, after her death.



Y Epissele to you, is like the litle Towne that the Cynicke would have perswaded the Citizens was readie to runne out at the great gates, being scarce so long as the Title In a word, the negli-

gence of many better able, hath made me hold to write a small Epitomic, touching the abudant vertues of Elizabeth our late sacred Mistris. Intreating of her Princely birth, chast life, royall gouernment, and happie death; being a Lady borne, living, raigning, dying, all for Englands good. The manner is handled between Shep-

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heards,

The Epistle.

heards, the forme of speech like the persons, rude: Affection exceedeth Eloquence, and I have not shewne much Art; but express the dutic of a louing hart: Shead some teares in reading our Shepheards sorrow; and in that true passion, let your loue to our royall Lord be shewne: who hateth hypocrites, as just men hell. Farewell all of you, that give the dead Queene a sad Farewell, and the living King, a glad Welcome; the rest are Time-pleasers, and I write not to them.

Fælicem fuiffe infaustum.





Englands Mour-

ning Garment.

Worne by plaine Shepheardes, for the death of that most excellent Empresse Elizabeth, Queene of Vertue, while she lived; and Theame of Sorrow being dead.

THENOT. COLLIN.

Thenot.

Ollin, thou lookst as lagging as the day,
When the Sun setting toward his westerne bed,
Shewes, that like him, all glory must decay,
And frolique life with murkie clouds o re-spred

Shall leave all earthly beautie mong st the dead; Such is the habite of thy new aray: Why art thou not preparde to welcome May, In whose cleare Moone thy younglings shall be fed, With nights sweete dewes, and open flowers of day?

I aunswer thee with woe and wel away, I am in sable clad, sith she cannot be had That me and mine did glad;

there's all I le say.

Thenor.

Englands
Thenot.

Well spoken Swaine, let me thy sorrow ken, Rich soule, though wrong d by idle Antike men, And driven by falshood to a cloudie den, Tell me thy griese.

Collin.

O it is past releefe; and which is worst of worst, Bayards and beasts accurst, with grosest flattery nurst: Haue sung her sacred name, and prais after to their shame, Of may den Queenes who was our last and first.

Thenot.

Deere Collin, doe not checke the humblest song,
The will is ever maister of the worke:
Those that can sing, have done all Shepheards wrong,
Like Lozels in their cottages to lurke:
The ayre s the ayre, though it be thicke and murke,
If they to whom true Pastorals belong,
In needefull layes, we neither pipe nor tong,
Shall none the vertuous raise?

Collin.

Yes those that merit Bayes though teares restraine their layes, Some weeping houres or dayes,

will finde a time,

No honour Honour still, not with a rurall quill, But with the foule of skill,

tobleffe their rime.

Aye me! why should I dote, on rimes, on songs, or note, Confusion can best quote,

sacred Elizaes losse, Whose praise doth grace all verse, that shalthe same reherse, No gold neede decke her herse;

to her all gold is droffe.

With

With that, Collin in discontent, brake his pipe, and in that passion, as if his heart had beene like his pipe, parted each peece from the other, hee fell without fense on the earth, not then insensible of his sorrowe; for it yeelded, wept, and ground at once, with his fall, his weepings and his fighs. Poore Th. showted for help; at whose call came some Nymphs full of sorrow for their Soueraigne; and no whit amazed to fee him lie as dead, their hearts were fo dead, with thinking of that which had aftonied his, But yet, as gathering of companies draw more & more to wonder, so prooued it among the Shepheards, that left none but their curres to attend their flockes, themselves flocking about Thenot & Collin, who now recovered from his trance, and all asking the reason of his griefe, with teares abounding in his eyes, that likewife drew more aboundantly from theirs, he distractedly answered,

Illum nec enim reprehendere fas est, Qui fleat hanc, cuius fregerunt stamina parce, Sotus honor sequitur mortales ille misellos.

And therewithall making a figne for the Shepheards and Nymphs to fit downe, he told them, they had lost that facred Nymph, that carefull Shepheardesse E L I Z A, but if it pleased them to lend attention, he would repeate somthing of her, worth memorie, that should live in despite of death: whereupon a still silence seized them all, saving only now and then, by sighing they express their hearts forrow: and Collin thus began.

Seeing Honor onely followeth mortals, and the works of the vertuous die not with their deaths, and yet those workes neuerthelesse with the honours and rites due to the departed, might be much blemished, if there were no gratitude in their successors: let vs poore Rurals (though no other wayes able to erect Statues for our late dread Soue-

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raigne worthy all memory) among our selves repeate part of her excellent Graces, and our benefite obtained by her Government: for, to reckon all, were Opus infinitum, alabour without end.

She was the vindoubted iffue of two royall Princes, Henry of Lancaster, and Elizabeth of Yorke. In whose vnion the quiet of vs poore Swaines began: for till that bleffed mariage, England was a shambles of slaughtred men: lo violent was the blood of ambition, so potent the factions, and fo implacable their heads; whose eyes were neuer cleard till they were washt in blood, enen in the deare blood of their Obiects hearts. This King, Grandfather to our late Queene, was the first Brittish King, that manie a hundred yeeres before wore the Emperiall Diademe of England, France, & Ireland: in him began the name of Tewther, delcended from the ancient Brittish King, to florish; the iffue male of royal Plantagenet ending in his beginning: his wife Grandmother to our late Elizabeth, being the last Plantagenet, whose Temples were heere circled with a sphere of gold. Which King and Queene lived and loved, and now lie intoombed in that most famous Chappell, built at his Kingly charge in the Abbey of Westminster: King Henry dying in a good age, left England, rich, beautifull, and full of peace; and so blest with his issue, after royally matcht to Scotland & France, besides his vindoubted heire King Henry of famous memory the eight; that no Kingdome in the earth more flourished.

His sonne, the Father of our Elizabeth, was to his Enemies dreadfull, to his striends gracious, under who'e Enfigne the Emperour himselfe served: so potent a Prince he was: besides, so liberall and bounteous, that he seemed like the Sunne in his Meridian, to showre downe gold round about the Horizon: But hee died too, and lest vs three Princely

Princely hopes; all which have severally succeeded other, royallie maintaining the right of England, and resisted with

power all forraine wrong.

For King Edward our late Soueraignes Brother, though he died young in yeeres, lest instance hee was no Infant in vertues; his learning, towardnes, and zeale, was thought fitter for the societie of Angels than men, with whom no

doubt his spirit lines eternally.

Such assurance have wee of the happines of that royall, gracious and worthy Ladie Mary his eldest sister: who in her death express the care of her. Kingdomes, so much lamenting one Townes losse, that she told her attendant Ladies, if they would rip her heart when shee was dead, they should finde Callice written in it. O Thenet, with all you other Nymphs and Swaines (setting by her affection to Papall religion, wherein shee was borne and lived) learne by this worthy Queene, the care of Soueraignes, how heart-sick they are for their subjects losse; and think what felicity wee poore wormes live in, that have such royall Patrons, who cark for our peace, that we may quietly eate the bread of our owne labour, and tend our flocks in safetie, asking of vs nothing but seare and duty, which humanity allowes, and heaven commaunds.

With this Thenot interrupted Collin, telling him, there were a number of true shepheards misliked that Princes life, and loyed greatly at her death: withall, beginning to shew some reasons, but Collin quickly interrupted him in

these words.

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Peace Thenot, peace, Princes are facred things, It fits not Swaines to thinke amisse of Kings.

For, faith he, the faults of Rulers (if any be faultie) are to be reprehended by them that can amend them, and feeing none is superiour to a King but God, to him alone referre B. their

their actions. And where thou termest them true shepheards that so enuied that Ladies government, thou art deceived: for the true shepheards indeede, that suffered in her time by the malice of Romish Prelates, prayed hartily for her euen in the fire, and taught the people to obey her government: but such as rayld at her, are still as they then were, proud phanatike spirited counterfaites, expert in nothing but ignorance, such as hate all rule, for who refifteth correction more than fooles, though they deferue it most? Beleeue mee Thenot, and all you well affecte! Swaines, there is no greater marke for a true shepheard to be knowne by, than Humilitie, which, God hee knowes, these mad men most want: too much experience haue wee of their threed-bare pride, who bite the dead, as living Curres may Lyons: not contented with their scandals of that Royal Lady, our late Soueraignes Sifter, but they have troubled the cleare springs of our Mistresse Elizabeths blesfed gouernment: nay, my felfe haue feene and heard with glowing eares some of them, even in the fields of Calydon, when his Excellence, that is now our Emperiall Thepheard, was onely Lord of their foldes, speake of his Maiestic more audaciouslie & malapertly, than any of vs would doe of the meanest officer. For as I said even now, if Rulers chance to flip: it is most vnsufferable, that eucry impudent rayler should with the breath of his mouth stirre the chaffie multitude, whose eares itch for nouelties, whose mindes are as their numbers, divers: not able to judge themselues, much lesse their Soueraignes. But they ought, if they be true Pastors, to follow the great Pan the Father of all good shepheards Christ, who teacheth enery of his Swaines to tell his brother prinatly of his fault, and againe, and againe: by that glorious number, three, including numbers numberlesse, before it be tolde the Church. If then

then they must, being true shepheards, deale so with their brethren, how much more ought their followers doe to their Soueraignes, being Kings and Queenes? And not in the place where sacred and morall manners should be taught, contrarily to teach the rude, to be more vnmannerly, instructing enery Punic to compare with the most reuerend Prelate, and that by that example to have enerie Cobler account himselfe a King.

Oh said Thenot, Collin, there are some would ill thinke of you, should they heare you thus talke, for they reproue

all out of zeale, and must spare none.

Peace to thy thoughts Thenot, answered Collin, I know thou knowest there is a zeale, that is not with knowledge acquainted, but let them and their mad zeale passe, let vs forget their raylings against Princes: And beginne with her beginning, after her Royall Sisters ending, who departing from this earthly Kingdome the seuenteenth of Nouember, in the veere of our Lord 1558. immediatlie thereupon, Elizabeth the hand-maide to the Lord of Heauen, and Empresse of all Maides, Mothers, Youth, and men, then living in this English Earth, was proclaimed Queene with generall applause; being much pittied, for that busie slander and respectlesse enuie had not long before brought her into the disfauour of her Royall Sifter Mary, whom wee last remembred: In the continuance of whose displeasure, stil stil made greater by some great Enemies: how the fcap't, needes no repeating, being fo wel knowne. Preserved shee was from the violence of death, her blood was precious in the fight of GOD, as is the blood of all his Saints: it was too deere to be poured out like water on the greedy earth; she lived, and wee have lined under her fortie and odde yeeres fo-wonderfully bleft, that all Nations have wondred at their owne afflictions

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and our prosperity: and shee died as she lived with vs, still careful of our peace; sinishing even then the greatest wonder of all (our deserts considered) by appointing the Kingdome to so inst and lawfull a Ruler to succeede her: whom all true English knew for their vindoubted Lord, immediatly after her death. But least wee endere we begin, I will return to her: who being seated in the Throne of Maiestie, adorned with all the vertues daine and morall, appeared to vs like a goodly Pallace where the Graces kept their severall Mansions.

First, faith aboundantly shone in her then young, & lost not her brightnes in her age, for shee beleeved in her Redeemer, her trust was in the King of Kings, who preserved her as the Apple of his eye, from all treacherous attempts, as many being made against her life, as against any Princesse that ever lived: yet she was stil confident in her Sauiour, whose name shee glorified in all her actions, confesfing her victories; preferuings, dignities, to be all his, as appeared by many luculent examples, this one feruing for the rest, that after the dissipation of the Spanish Armatho accounted inuincible, thee came in person to Paules croffe, and there, among the meanest of her people, confessed, Non nobis Domine non nobis; fed nomini tuo Gloria. And as the was ever conftant in cherishing that faith wherein shee was from her infancie nourisht, so was shee faithfull of her word, with her people, and with forraine Nations. And albeit I know some (too humorously affected to the Romane gouernment) make a question in this place, whether her highnesse first brake not the truce with the King of Spaine: to that I could answer, were it pertinent to me in this place; or for a poore shepheard to talk of state, with vnreprooueable truths, that her highnes fuffered many wrongs before the left off the league,

O faith

O faith Theret, in some of those wrongs resolute vs, and thinke it no vnsitting thing, for thee half heard the songs of that warlike Poet Philisales, good Melibæe, and smooth tongued Melicert; tell vs what thou hast observed in their sawes, seene in thy owne experience, and heard of vndoubted truthes touching those accidents: for that they adde, I

doubt not, to the glory of our Eliza.

To this entreatie Collin condifcended, and thus spake. It is not vnknowne the Spaniard a mighty Nation, abounding with treasure, being warres sinewes, torne from the . bowe's of Mines, fetcht from the fands of Indian Rivers. by the miserable captined Natines, have purposed to be Lords of Europe. France they have attempted and failed in, Nauarre they have greatly diffrest, Lumbardy the garden of the world, they are possessed of: Naples and Sicilie, Sardinia, Corfica, are forced to obey their lawes, and that they reckoned England should be theirs, with such small cafe, even in a manner with threatning: their fongs taught little Infants from Andologia to Galizia are witnes. The dice were cast: her Maiesties subjects craftily put into the Inquifition vpon enery final colour: if they scaped, which feldome forted out so wel, aline, they could of their goods have no relitation. Their King gave pensions to our Queenes Rebellious fugitiue subjects, & not only to such, that in regard of their Religion fled the land, but vnto fuch as had attempted to refift her in active rebellion: and yet not staying there, out of his treasurie proposed rewards for fundry to attempt the murder of her facred person : of which perfidious gilt she never was tainted: let any Spaniard, or Spanish affected English, proue where she euer hired, abetted, or procured any such against their Kings Maiestie, and I wil yeeld to be esteemed as false as falshood it felfe: naysthey cannot deny, but that even with the Rebels

of her Realme of Ireland, stird vp to barbarous and inhumane outrages by the Spanish policie, shee hath no way

dealt but by by faire and laudable warre.

But before I enter into her Maiesties lenitie in that Irish warre, against sundry knowne Rebels, and punishing some of her subjects, that vpon zeale to her, or perchance, to get themselues a glorie, aduentured their owne lines by treacherie to cut off the lines of some great Leaders of the Rebels, I will a little digresse, least I should be thought, after her death, to maintain the fire of hate, which I ener in heart desired might honorably be quencht, betweene these po-

tentkingdomes of England and Spaine.

I with all that reade this, to bury old wrongs, & to pray that it would please God of his inestimable mercie, to roote out all malice from Christian Nations: and as our Royall Soueraigne now raigning, hath conferred league and peace with all Princes, so, for the weale of Christendome, it may more and more increase, that the open enemies of Christ may the better be repelled from those wealthy Kingdomes in the East, where they have manie hundred yeeres most barbarously tyrannized: for no man doubts, but the blood shed within these thirtie yeeres, as well of English, as Scottish, Spanish, Dutch, and Portugall, in the quarrell of Religion, might, if God had so beene pleased, beene able, to have driven the heathen Monarch from his neerest holde in Hungaria, to the fall of Danubia in the Euxine Sea, especiallie with the affistaunce of the French that have cruelly falne, either vpon others fivords.

But I trust God hath suffered this offence, to adde more glory to our mighty King, that hee should be the most famous of all his predecessours: as indeede hee is the most mighty, and hath beene raised to this Realme as a Sauiour,

to deliuer England, & make it more abundant in bleffings, when manylookt it should have had all her glory swallo-

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The highnesse of his Emperiall place, greatnesse of his blood, mightinesse of his alliance, but most, his constancie in the true profession of Religion, euen amid my forrowes, Thenot, fill me with ioyes: when I consider how a number that gaped for our destruction, have their mouths thut close, yet emptie where they thought to eate the sweetes of our painefull sweate: but God be praised, as I faide before, her Highnesse that ruled vs many yeeres in peace, left vs, in her death, more fecure, by committing vs to our lawfull Prince, matcht to a royal fruitfull Lady, that hath borne him fuch hopefull iffue, that the dayes we lately feared, I trust are as farre off, as this instant is, from the end of all earthly times: who shal not only with their royall Father, maintaine these his Kingdomes in happy peace, but subject more under him, and spread the banners of Christ in the face of misbeleeuers.

In this hope I heere breake off, and returne to our late Soueraignes care of keeping Faith, eventoward her Rebell subjects, which I wil manifest in some two or three exam-

ples of the Irish.

When the Oneale, in the time of that memorable Gentleman Sir Henry Sidney his Deputie ship of Ireland, was mightily strengthned in his Country, and so potent, that the Deputie had many dangerous skirmishes against him; A seruant of her Maiesties, one Smith, thinking to doe a worthy peece of seruice, by poysoning the Oneale, prepared a little bottle, parted in the middest; one side containing good wine, the other with tempered poyson of the same colour, and that he carries to the Oneale, under colour of gratisfication

tification for that his armie lay farre from the Sea, or Marchantable Townes, and hee thought Wine was vnto him very dainty: which the Oneale accepted kindly, for that the said Smith was borne in the Oneales Countrey: and such the Irith doe especially, and before others, trust, to bring messages even from their greatest enemies, vnder whom they serve. But the deceit being quickly spide, Smith was by the Oneale sent bound to the Deputie, to whose plot he would faine have imputed the same practise: but contrarilie, the Deputie publikely punished the said Smith, and her Maiestie refus dhim for her servant; saying, shee would keepe none neere her that would deale treacherouslie, no though it were against traytors.

The like example was showne on an other, that would have attempted the poysoning of Rory Og, a bloody and

dangerous Rebell.

To which may be added, that her Highnesse among other trespasses, objected by her Atturney against a connicted Deputie: was, that hee went about by poyson to have tooke away the life of Feff Mae Hue, a Rebell more immane and barbarous than any of the other two: the Lord chiefe Iustice of the Common Pleas (yet living) opening at the same time, how just a spirit her Maiestie was possessed with, that she hated treason, even to traytors: much more then to annointed Kings, whose honours and reputations, shee so maintained, that shee not long since punished by sine and imprisonment, a wealthie rayler, for vireuerent words spoken against the person of King Philap, her open and professed enemie: So saithfull, so just, so gracious was she.

And to make it more plaine, that Spaine intended England the first wrong, long time before it was muttered; but after that memorable battaile of Lepanto, where-

in Don John of Austria obtained the tryumphane Christian victorie against the Turkes; to reward him, England was the Kingdome set downe, being then in her Maietties possession: but hee hadit, when they could give him it that promifed the fame, which was at latter Lammas. And I trust his Neece shall have as good successe, with her pretended title. For if God itrengthenedher Maiestie so, that against her, being a woman, they could not preuaile, we trust his Almightinesse will be as carefull of our King, being alreadie Lord of three such people as have seldome beene equalled in battel, except they have vnnaturally contended among themselues: the fight of which day, deere shepheards, let vs pray neuer againe to see. Besides, to expresse her farther intent: to preserve faith and league, notwithstanding infinite of open wrongs: and certaine knowledge that a Nauie for inuation of this Realme had been preparing more than fifteene yeere; yet did the beare, vntill against all law of Nations, the Ambassador liedger of Spaine, honoured with many fauours, did notwithstanding plot and confeder with native traitors of this land; and the matter being apparantly proued; hee was by her milde sufferance admitted to depart the Realme, without any violence: to his perpetuall reproch, and her neuer-dying glorie. Well, I will heere conclude touching this vertue of faith both toward God and man: Thee was as firme in the one as mortalitie could be; and in the other approued glorious among all the Princes of her time.

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For Hope, the second divine vertue, shee rather therein abounded, than was any way wanting; for her Hope was no way wandring: shee beleeved, and it

came to passe; her enemies arise, but before their arifing, thee was certaine to fee them fall; thee having by example of things past, nothing doubted of things to come. And she was not deceived till the houre of her death. For euer her expectation was fulfilled; the kept peace within, chased the spoyler without; and cuen as it is fung of Epaminondas that valiant Theban Captaine, in his last victorious battaile, wherein yet. death of him got victorie, he thus gloried : Herein am I comforted, that I dye a conquerour. For even when death laide his last siege to her yet vnvanquishedlife, Tyrone, the long disturber of her State, befought by agents mercie at her feete. O Nymphs and Shepheards, doubt not she was full of divine Hope, whose heart obtained euer the thing it faithfully desired; and that her desires were all of faith, I could adde infinite examples to these alreadie alleadged: but that it is needeleffe to cast water in the Sea, or to make question of that all men knowe, and will confesse, except some whose hearts are straungers from Truth, and the protessed Receptacles of fallehood.

Her Charitie the third and principall divine Grace to the eye of mortals: (for that Faith and Hope bend principally their fervice to Heaven, and Charities effects are manifelted on earth) hath beene extended over all her Realmes, and stretched to the comfort of her oppressed neighbours. The multitudes of poore daily releeved from her purse, the numbers of sicke persons yeerely visited, and by her owne hand their corrupt sores toucht, the washing of poore womens feete, and releeving their wants, was a signe that shee was humble, as well as charitable: for Humilitie is Chari-

Charities fifter; they are two twins born at one time, and as they are borne together in any foule whateuer, fo do they live and die together: the humble spirit being euer charitable, and the charitable euer humble: for it is as impossible to have a proud man charitable, as to reconcile fire and water; or to make accord betweene any contraries. As the was in these particulars, exceeding all Ladies of her time, given to this helpfull vertue, so had she generall impositions through all her kingdome, for her well able subjects to followe her example: and so much did her example prevaile, that besides the ordinarie and weekely almes distributed through the Realme, there have beene more particular Almef-houses builded for the reliefe of the aged, then in anie fixe Princes Raignes before. And as all parts of England haue in this imitation bin very forward, so hath the Citie of London exceeded all; wherein diuers private men haue builded fundrie houses for the poore, and allowed them pensions: but the Corporations have beene most bountiful, as most able: and among all, the right Worshipfull the Merchant-Tailors have exceeded the rest: all have done well that have done anie thing, but they best of any other, as I will one day in a fong of liberall Shepheards thankfully expresse: though for my selfe I knowe him not in the least gift to whom I am in that fort bounde, but I ken not Thenot, how I may, for there is none liuing but may lack. As the City, fo many knights, Gentlemen, honorable and denout persons have followed her example:aboue the rest, an honorable, carefull, reuerend and learned watchman, as full of mildnesse & pierie, as he is of yeares and griefes for his good and royal! Mistresse losse; at Croiden hath builded a wor-

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thie Receptacle to the like charitable end.

As for the poore and decrepit with age, her Royall Maiestie had this charitable care; so for fouldiers, and futers, the was very prouident. The last being opprest in any part of her Realmes by men of much wealth and little confcience, Thee allowed them counfell and proceedings in Forma pauperis, and maintenance weekely in the Termes for some part of their succour: if any were delayd and abused, it was vtterly against her will. For fouldiers, and men of feruice, her decrees of prouision are extant: besides, it is most cleare, no Prince in the world, to land, or Sea-men, was more bountifull, or at least willing, than her Highnesse: out of her Coffers it went; but there is an olde Prouerbe Thenot, carriage is deere: and I have heard, but I will stand to nothing; base Ministers, and under-officers, curtall the liberalities of great and potent Maisters. Some haue in her time beene taken with the manner, and, befides bodily punishment and fines, displaced: as I will remember, and cannot omit amid my griefe totell, though somewhat from this subject it diffent, being of a fellow too meane, how her Highnesse in one of her Progresses, walking in the Garden of a house where she was received, being somewhat neere the highway, Leard on a fuddaine, a market woman crie: and from an Arbour behelde one of her owne fernants, a Taker vp of pronision, vse the woman vnciuillie: whereupon the cause being examined, and the poore woman found by the fame fellowe to be wrongd, as well afore as then, her Highnesse cantd him presently to be discharged of her service and punished: yet the fault being but slight, the Taker was countenanced to make fute to be reftord: and some halfe

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halfe yeere after, fell downe before her Maiestie desiring mercie, and restoring: her Highnesse pittying his distresse, commaunded him to be prouided for in some place, where he could not wrong her poore subiccts, but in any case not to make him a Taker. Manie fuch false ones she hath punished with death, and those that haue by power, friends, or fauour scapd, let then Zacheus restore, least their ends be worse than their beginnings. I could in this as all the rest, reckon multitudes of examples, but I will end with her Excellence in this Act of Charitie extended to her neighbours: whom shee hath by her bountie delivered from the tyrannie of oppression, and ayded the right of others against rebellious subjects: others affisted to recouer their Kingdomes, not sparing millions to sustaine the quarrell of the righteous. The reward of which mercy and charitie she now findes, being done for his cause: that leaueth no deed of mercy vnrecompenced.

As shee was richly stored with divine graces, so in morall vertues, no Princesse ever-living in the earth can be remembred to exceede her. Her wisedome was without question in her life by any vnequalled, shee was sententious, yet gracious in speech; So expert in Languages, that she answered most Embassadors in their Native tongues: her capacitie was therewith so apprehensive, and invention so quicke, that if anie of them had gone beyond their bounds, with gracious maiestie she would have limited them within the verge of their duties, as shee did royallie, wiselie, and learnedlie, the last strutting Poland Messenger, that thought with stalking lookes, and swelling words to daunt her vndaunted Excellence. But as

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he came proud, he returned not without repentance; having no other wrong heere but the shame of his

owne lausinesse.

Manie such examples I could set downe, but I will satisfie you with one more. When the Spaniards having their Armatho readie, temporifde with her Highnesse Commissioners in the low Countries, thinking to find her vnprouided: at last, when they accounted all fure, they fent her their Kings choise either of peace, or warre, wittilie included in foure Latine verses: portending, that if she would cease to defend the lowe Countries, restore the goods taken by reprifall from the Spaniards; build up the Religious houses diverted in her Fathers time, and let the Romane Religion bee received through her land; why then the might have peace: if not, it was too late to expect any. Which proud commaunding Embassie, with royall magnanimitie, gratious wifedome, and fluent wit, the answered instantly in one knowne prouerbiall line, which the todainly madeinto a Verse.

AdGracas hac fiant mandata Kalendas.

O Thenot, did not assurance of our kingly Poets loue to the Muses, somewhat comfort me, I should vtterly dispaire euer to heare Pastorall song againe, fild with anie conceit; seeing her Excellence, whose braine was the Hellican of all our best and quains in-uentions, is dried up by the ineuitable heate of death.

Her owne inftice was such, as neuer any could truly complaine of her; neither did shee pardon faultes unpardonable, as murder, rape, Sodomie, that final-most not to be named: neither was there in her (with her knowlege) extremitie of instice showne to other

other malefactors: if any such did fall, it was either by falshood or malice of the euidence, practise of corrupt men or some other secret whereith poore Shepheards are vnacquainted: only this we are taught: that God sometime punisheth the sins of parents on their

children to many generations.

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But for her felte, the was alwaies fo enclined to equity, that if the left Iustice in any part, it was in shewing pittie: as in one generall punishment for murder it appeared: whereas before time there was extraordinary torture, as hanging wilfull muderers aline in chaines; Thee having compassion like a true Shepheardnesse of their soules, though they were of her erring and veterly infected flocke; faid their death fatisfied for death : and life for life, was all could bee demaded:affirming more, that much torture distracted a dying man: in particular, the faued many. Among some vnworthy of her mercy, that proud fellow, who vniustly named himselfe Doctor Parry, and an other as I remember called Patrick an Irish man: the first hauing offended in burglary, against a lawier able & willing to take away his life, therto vrged by many mildemeanours: and for that Parry doubted his attempt to kill & act of fellony was without compasse of pardon, confidering the place where it was done, and against whom; thought a lease of his life safest, which of her benigne mercy he obtained for 21. yeares; but ere 3. of the were palt, he did vnnaturally attempt her death. that had give him life; for which traiterous ingratitude he worthily was cut off: the Irish man likewise being pardoned for a man flaughter, proued vnthankfull, and ended as he lived shamefully. Besides, she was so inclinable to mercy, that her just and scuere Judges

told her, how some desperate malefactors building on friends, and hopes of pardon, cared not for offending, but even scoffed at authority; wherof when the heard, she tooke speciall care, considering it was as great iniustice to pity some, as spare others, taking order to signe no pardon, except the Judges hand were at it first, which truly knew the cause why the party was condemned: by which meanes murderers, and presumptuous offenders were cut off from all hope.

One notable example of her inflice among many I wil here remember: Certaine condemned for Piracie, having made some end with them they wronged, lay for their lines at her mercy, and the Indge ofher Admiraltie having fignified favourably of the qualitie of their offence, she was moued to pittie them, and had commanded their pardon to be drawne. In the meane time two of them, trained up in the fashion of our comon Cutters, that I may tel thee (Thenot) swarm rather like deuils than men about the country, that fweare as if they had license to blaspheme, & stab men as if they had authority; nay, sometime themselves for very trifles: two fuch I fay, were in the company of these condemned Pyrates, hourely hoping for their lines: and brauing either other of their manhoode, faying, one durst more than the other: the eldest being Maister of their late ship, wherein they had sailed to that place of forrow, flyces his owne flesh with a knife, asking the other if he durst doo as much: the Younker was very readie, and two or three times followed the olde foole, in that desperate wounding of himselfe. This brutish acte being committed in the prison belonging to her Maiesties owne house, came quickly to her royall eare, and some fewe dayes after, their pardon

to be figned; who graciously gaue life to all the rest; but commanded them by expresse name to execution, saying, they were vnworthy mercie, that of the inselues had none: adding, it was very likely, that such as in a prison, and in their state, would be so cruell to shead their owne blood, would have small compassion of others whom they overcame at sea; and so leaving them

to the lawe, they were worthily executed.

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Of her mercie nothing can be faide more, but that it equalled, or rather as I said before, exceeded her iuflice. Among infinite numbers whom shee pardoned, that one especially being a cleare witnesse, who shot the Gunne off against Greenwich, euen into her Maiesties Barge, hurt the next man to her, at broade daylight; almost impossible to be excused by negligence or ignorance; for that any man having his peece charged, would rather vpon retyring home, haue discharged it among the Reedes, than toward the breadth of the Riuer, whose filuer brest continually bore vp a number of vessels, wherein men passed on sundrie affaires. How euer wilfull or vn wilfull the act was, done it was, and by a Iurie he was found guiltie, and adjudged to die: toward execution he was ledde, with such clamour and iniuries of the multitude, as fildome any the like hath bene seene or heard; so hainous and odious his offence appeared vnto them, that being vpon the ladder readie to be cast off, the common people had no pitie of him: when even iust in that moment of dispaire and death, her Maiestie senta gracious pardon, which deliuered him to all mens wonder. I want but the Arcadian Shepheards inchaunting phrase of speaking, that was many times witnesse to her iust mercies, and mercifull iustice: yet rude as I am, I haue presumed

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to handle this excellent Theame, in regard the Funerall hastens on, of that sometime most Serene Lady, and yet I see none, or at least past one or two that have sung any thing since her departure worth the hearing; and of them, they that are bestable, scarce remember her Maiestie. I cannot now forget the excellent and cunning Collin indeed, (for alas, I confesse my selfe too too rude,) complaining that aliberal Mecanas long since dying, was immediatly forgotten, even by those that living most laboured to advance his same: and these as I thinke close part of his songs:

Being dead no Poet seekes him to revine, Though many Poets slattered him aliue.

Somewhat like him, or at least to that purpose of a perfon more excellent, though in ruder verse I speake.

Death now hath ceaz'd her in his ycie armes, That sometime was the Sun of our delight: And pittilesse of any after-harmes, Hath veyld her glory in the cloude of night.

Nor doth one Poet seek her name to raise,
That living hourely striu'd to sing her praise.
He that so well could sing the fatall strife
Betweene the royall Roses White and Red,
That praised so oft Eliza in her life,
His Muse seemes now to dye, as she is dead:

Thou sweetest song-man of all English swaines,
Awake for shame, honour ensues thy paines.
But thou alone deserus the not to be blamde,
He that sung fortie yeares her life and birth,
And is by English Albion so much famde
For sweete mixt layes of maiestie with mirth

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Doth of her losse take now but little keepe: Or de I gesse, he cannot sing but weepe. Neither doth Corin full of worth and wit, That finisht dead Museus gracious song, With grace as great, and words, and verse as fit; Chide meager death for doing vertue wrong: He doth not feeke with fongs to deck her herfe. Nor make her name line in his lively verse. Nor does our English Horace, whose steele pen Can draw Characters which will neuer die. Till her bright glories vato listning men, Of her he feemes to have no memoric. His Muse an other path desires to tread, True Satyres scourge the living, leave the dead. Nor doth the filuer tongued Melicert, Drop from his honied Muse one sable teare

To mourne her death that graced his defert, And to his laies opend her Royall eare.

Shepheard remember our Elizabeth, And fing her Rape, done by that Tarquin, Death.

No leffe do thou (fweet finger Coridon) The Theame exceedeth Edwards Isabel.

Forgether not in Poly-Albion;

Make some amends, I know thou lou'dst her well.

Thinke twas a fault to have thy Verses seene Praising the King, erethey had mourn'd the Queen. And thou delicious sportiue Musidore,

Although thou haue refign'd thy wreathe of Bay, With Cypresse binde thy temples, and deplore Elizaes winter in a mournfull Lay:

I know thou canft: and none can better fing Herse songs for her, and Peans to our King. Quicke Antihorace though I place thee heere,

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Together with yong Mælibee thy frend: And Hero's last Museus, all three decree, All such whose vertues highly I commend:

Proue not ingrate to her that many a time
Hath stoopt her Maiestie, to grace your rime.
And thou that scarce hast sligd thy infant Muse,
(I vse thine owne word) and commend thee best,
In thy proclaiming lames: the rest missie
The name of Poetry, with lines vnblest;

Holding the Muses to be masculine:

I quote no such absurditie in thine.

Thee doe I thanke for will, thy worke let passe: But wish some of the former had first writ, That from their Poems like reslecting glasse (Steeld with the puritie of Art and wit)

Eliza might haue liu'd in euery eye, Alwaies beheld till Time and Poems dye. But cease you Goblins, and you vnder Elues; That with rude rimes and meeters reasonlesse;

Fit to be fung for fuch as your base selues, Presume to name the Muses Patronesse:

Keep your low Spheres, she hath an Angell spirit:
The learnedst Swaine can hardly sing her merit.
Onely her brother King, the Muses trust
(Blood of her Grandsires blood, plac'd in her Throne)
Can raise her glory from the bed of dust:
To praise her worth belongs to Kings alone.
In him shall we behold het Maiestie,

In him her vertue liues and cannot die.

At this Thenot and the rest desired him to proceede in his discourse of her vertues; remembring where hee lest, at Iustice, and though the matter pleased them so well well that they could endure the hearing many dayes, yet seeing the Sunne began to dye the West Sea with vermilion tincture, the pallace of the morning being hidden in sable clouds, and that the care of their slockes must be respected, requested him to be as breefe, as the time limited him.

To which Collin answered; Thenet, I perceive thou art as all or the most part of the world is, carefull onely of thine owne: and how ever frends fall, yet profit must be respected. Well, thou dost well; and in this I dubbly praise thee: to carke for sheepe and lambes that cannot tend themselves, & not to mourne as without hope our great Shepheardesse; who after long life and glory on earth, hath obtained a longer and more glorious life in heauen. But to proceede. As she was constant in faith. ftedfast in hope, cheerfull in giuing, prudent in speaking, just in punishing, but most mercifull in pardoning: fo for the third morrall Vertue Temperance, there was in no age before, a woman fo exalted to carthly honour cuer read off; that so long, so grationfly, in outward & domestick affaires gouerned her kingdom, familie, & person, with like moderation.

First, for her kingdome, what can be deuised more neare the meane, than she hath in all things followed? For in religion as in other things, there hath beene an extreame erring from the truth, which like all vertues, (being indeede the head of all) keepeth place in the midst; so hath shee established the true Catholicke and Apostolicall Religion in this Land, neither mingled with multitudes of idle superstitions; nor yet wanting true honour and reverence for the Ministerie, in

laudable and long received ceremonies.

But here I shall be carpt at, in that I call the Reli-D 3 gion gion profest in her time, true Catholike and Apostolicall: confidering the Sea of Rome and fuch English onely as be her fworne Sonnes, thinke that feate all one to holde the Apostolicall faith: excluding her Maiestie, and all other Christian Princes with their subicces, that have not falne before that Chaire, as people woorthie to be cutte off from Christes congregation : giuing them names of Protestants, Lutherans, and I know not what. And on another side, a felected company, that would needs be counted Saints and holy ones, when there is nothing but corruption in their hearts, they forfooth condemned her facred gouernment for Antichristian: when to the amazement of superflitious Romanes, & selfe-prayling Sectuaries, God approued her faith by his loue towards her. And left I should be taskd of ignorance, and termed a Nullifidian in defending neither of these sides: and onely of the faith that the Colliar profest, which was ever one with the most. I say, I was borne and brought vp in the Religion profest by that most Christian Princesse Elizabeth, who beleeved not that the spirite of God was bound or tyde to any one place, no moré to Rome than Antioch, that the Candlesticke of any Church might be remooued, for neglecting their first love, and teaching traditions of men, in steade of facred veritie: and no man can truly denie but the church of Rome hath to taught and standeth not in her first estate, but if it were in the Primitive Church perfectly and fully established : then hath it received many traditions fince, which our Elizabeth nor any of her faithfull fubicets would obay, being no way by Gods worde thervnto warranted: besides, there is apparant proofes that the church of Rome hath many hundred yeares persecuted

persecuted with great craeltie: which is no badge of

the true Apostolicall Church.

For the other fort: it is well knowne, they are for the most part, ignorant and mechanick people, ledde by some fewe hotte spirited fellowes, that would faine haue all alike. These tying themselues to a more strait course outwardly than other men, though they be vtterly object to the Romanists; yet have they more he Saints and the Saints among them than are in the Romish Kalender: where none or at least very fewe are called Saints, but holy Virgins, Martyrs, and Confeffors; but all the brethren and fifters of the other fide. are at the first receiving into their communió, Sainted, if it be but Kit Cobler, and Kate his wife; and both hee and shee presume they have as sufficient spirites to teach and expound the Scriptures, as either Peter, or Iohn, or Paule, for fo bluntly they terme the bleffed Apostles: but their vanitie and pride our Elizabeth hated, and therefore brideled their waies, and was not mooued with their hypocriticall fastes; because they fasted to strife and debate, as it is written by the Prophet Esay 58. and to smite with the fift of wickednes.

Her Highnes therefore taught all her people the vindoubted truth: faith in Christalone, the waye, the doore, and the life: not turning either to the right hand, or to the left: and in this being the best meane, her Temperance chiefly appeared: this rule she taught her kingdome, her familie, her selfe: at least caused them to be taught by excellent Pastors, to whom humbly

she gaue publike eare.

And in this, fo for apparell, manners and diet, fine made Lawes, and gaue example in her owne person.

to curbe the vanitie of pride in garments : by expresse Statutes, appointing all men and women to be apparelled in their degree and calling. To expresse the excesse of drinking, and hated sinne of drunkennesse, she hath commaunded no drinke in her Land to be brued aboue an easie price: & to auoyd gurmandize, she hath yearely commaunded the Lent and Fasting-daies to be kept, as in times before, not for superstition sake, but common policie, to have Gods creatures received indifferently; and also to encrease Marriners for the strength of the Ile, whose numbers while fish is contemnd, by neglect of fishing mightily decay: fishers being indeed. pretty traind Marriners: by reason that they have experience in most of the Hauens, Creekes, Shoales, Flats, & other profits and daungers neare the place they yfed. what should I say, if they that will onely make the scripture their cloake, and yet respect not this part : Obey the Magistrate for conscience: their sinne fall voon themfelues. I trust the Prince is excusable, that would his fubiects would do wel; and so I am certaine was her Excellence.

True said Thenot, but for all her Lawes, these courses were little set by, I have seene vpstarts sette it gayer than Lords, numbers drinke till they have seemede dead, and multitudes cate self euen vpon good Fryday. What remedie said Collin: they that will breake the Kings Lawe, make little account of Gods: such subjects are like salfe Ezecutors, that performe not the Legacies of the dead, her highnes was not the worse for that good Lawes were violated, they that dealt so with her, dealt worse with God; offending him double by breaking his Lawes and hers. But in her owne household and person she observed all these rules: and though

many abroad by corruption were winkt at; yet sometime

there were some taken and paid home.

But her excelling Selfe, though her Table were the aboundantliest furnisht of any Princes in the world, with all varietie: yet fedde shee oftenest of one dish, and that not of the daintieft . For quaffing as it was vnfitting her Sexe, so shee extreamely abhord it : hating superfluitie as hell: and so farre was shee from all nicenesse, that I have heard it credibly reported, and knowe it by many instances to be true, that shee neuer could abide to gaze in a mirrour or looking-glasse: no not to behold one, while her head was tyred and adorned, but simply trusted to her attendant Ladies for the comelinesse of herattire: and that this is true, Thenot I am the rather perswaded, for that when I was yong, almost thirtie yeares agoe, courting it now and then: I haue seene the Ladies make great shift to hide away their looking-glasses if her Maiestie had past by their lodgings.

O humble Lady, how meeke a spirite hadst thouse How farre from affecting beautie, or vaine pride: when thou desiredst not to see that face, which all thy subjects longed dayly to behold, and sundry Princes came from

farre to wonder at.

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As in these things shee kept truely the Meane, so likewise in her gifts: as I first nored touching her Charitie, which was still so tempered (notwithstanding her great charge in aiding her distressed neighbours:) that she was euer truely liberall, and no way prodigall: as I trust his Royall Maiestie shall, by the treasure, finde.

As shee was adorned with all these vertues, so was she indued with Fortitude and Princely courage, so plentifully, that her displeasure shooke even her stoutest adversaries: and those vnnaturall traytors; that came ar-

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med fundry times with bloodie resolution to lay violent hands on her sacred Maiestie, her very lookes would daunt, and their instruments prepared for her death, dropt from their trembling hands with terrour of their consciences, and amazement to behold her countenance; Nay, when she knew they came of purpose to kill her, she hath singled diuerse of them alone, and let some passe from her with milde caueats a farre off: whose lenitie, rather increasing then diminishing their malice, they have followed destruction which too timely ouertooke them.

I could in this place name many particular men, as Parry and others: but I will content yee with one private example ouerpassing the generall; when Appletree whom I remembred before, had hurt her water-man, being next to her in the Barge; the French Ambassador being amazed, and all crying Treason; Treason: yet shee with an vindaunted spirite, came to the open place of the Barge, and bade them neuer seare, for if the shotte were made at her, they durst not shoote againe: such maiestie had her presence, and such boldnesse heart, that shee despised all seare; and was as all Princes are, or should be; so full of divine sulnesse, that guiltie mortalitie durst not behold her but with dazeled eyes.

But I wonder faith Thenot, the in fo many yeares built no goodly Ædifice wherein her memorie might live.

So did shee answered Collin, the goodliest buildings in the earth, such as like sleeting lles commanded the seas, whose outward wal's are dreadfull Engins of brasse, sending fearefull thunder among enemies. And the inhabitants of those wooden lles, are worthy Seamen, such as dread to danger, but for her would have runne even into destructions mouth. I tell thee Thenot, I have seene

in a fight some like nimble ipirites hanging in the aire by little cords, some lading ordinance with deathfull powder; some charging Muskets, and discharging ruine on their enemies; some at the foreship, others busic at helme, skipping here and there like Roes in lightnesse, and Lions in courage; that it would have powred spirite into a sicke man to see their resolutions. For such tenants made she many buildings, exceeding any Emperours Nauy in the earth: whose service I doubt not will be acceptable to her most worthy Successor, our dread Soueraigne Lord and King.

Other Pallaces shee had great store of, which shee maintained and yearely repaired, at least would have done, if those that had care of her survaying, would have

beene as carefull for hers as for their owne.

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What should I say of her? the clowdie mantle of the night, couers the beautie of the heaven: and this evening lookes like those foure days that preceded the morning of her death. The beafts the night that she ended her fate in earth, kept an vnwonted bellowing, so that I affure thee Thenot, being affured of her fickeneffe, I was troubled (being awakened with their cries) with imagination ofher death, that I pittied not my bleating flocke, who with their innocent notes kept time with my true teares, till the houre of her death was past, when immediately a heavy fleepe shut vp the windowes of mine eyes: at which time, (as I have fince heard) deaths eternal fleep vtterly benummed all her fences, whose soule (I doubt not) hath already entred endlesse rest, whither God will draw her glorified body in his great day. Sweete Virgine, the was borne on the Eue of that bleffed Virgines Nativitie, holy Mary Christs mother: sheedied on the Eue of the Annunciation of the fame most holy Virgin;

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ableffed note of her endlesse bleffednesse, and her societie in heauen with those wise Virgines, that kept Oyle Leuer in their Lampes, to awayte the Bridegroome. Shee came vnto the Crowne after her Royall fisters death, like a fresh Spring euen in the beginning of Winter, and brought vs comforte, as the cleare Sunne doeth to storme-dressed Marriners, shee left the Crownelikewise in the winter of her Age, and the beginning of our Spring: as if the Kuler of heaven had ordained her Coronation in our sharpest Winter, to bring vs happinesse, and vncrowned her in our happiest Spring, to leave vs in more felicitie by her Succeeder. O happy beginning, and more happy end: which notwithstanding, as naturall fonnes and fubiects, let her not goe vnwept for toher graue. This evening letvs be like the Evening, that drops dewy teares on the earth: and while our hindes shut vp the sheepe in their folds, sing a Funerall fong for the losse of divine Elizabeth; invocating absent Schollers to bewaile her, whom in fundry Schooles shee cherisht, and personally in either of their Vniuersities visited: letvs bid souldiers lament her, toward whom, besides many apparant signes of her exceeding love, this is one most worth memorie; shee came amongest them mounted at Tilburie, being gathered into a royall Aimie against the Spanish Inuasion; promising to share with them in all fortunes, if the enemie durst but shew his face aland. Let Citizens likewise shead teares for her losse, cspecially those of London, to whome she was ever a kinde Soueraigne, and bountifull neighbour.

I neede not bidde the Courtiers weepe, for they can neuer forgette the countenance of their gracious Mi-ftresse, till they have ingraven in their hearts the favour of their most Royall Maister. For vs poore Shepheards, though

Mourning Garment.

though we are not able to fute our felues in blacke, fine inough to adorne so Royall an Enterrement, yet Thenot quicken thy inuention, Dryope and Chloris shall be are parte; and let vs conclude our sorrow for Eliza in a Funerall Hymne; that shall have power to draw from the swelling Clowdes, waters to affist our woe. The Springs, taught by the teares that breake from our eyes, already ouerstow their bounds: The Birds sit mute to heare our mussicke, and our harmelesse slocke hearken to our moanes.

To this they all, as gladly as their griefe would suffer them, consented. *Collin* for his broken Pipe toooke *Cud*dyes, who could neither sing nor play, Hee was so sull of passion and sighes.

The Funerall Song betweene Collin and Thenot, Dryope and Chloris, upon the death of the facred Virgine ELIZABETH.

Collin.

Y E sacred Muses dwelling,
Where Art is ever swelling;
Your learned Fount for sake,
Helpe Funerall Songs to make:
Hang them about her Herse
That ever loved Verse:
Clio writ downe her Story,
That was the Muses Glory.
Dryope.
And ye soft-sooted Howers,
Make ready Cypresse Bowers:
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Insteade

Englands

Insteade of Roses sweete
(For pleasant Spring-time meete)
Strew all the pathes with Yeugh,
Night-shade and bitter Reugh.
Bid Flora hide her Treasure:
Say tis no time of pleasure.

Thenot.

And you dininest Graces,

Veyle all your sacred faces

With your bright shining haire;

Shew euery signe of care:

The Hart that was your Phane,

The cruell Fates have slaine:

From earth no powre can raise her,

Onely our Hymnes may praise her.

Chloris.

Muses, and Howres, and Graces,
Let all the hallowed places
Which the cleere Moone did view,
Looke with a sable hiew:
Let not the Sunne be seene,
But weeping for the Queene,
That Grace and Muse did cherish,
O that such worth should perish!
Colling.

So turne our verse, and on this losing Pine, Each one ingraue for her some Funerall line: Thus I beginne.

Collins Epitaph.
Eliza Maiden Mirror of this Age,
Earths true Astrea while she live de andraign de,
Is throwne by Death from her triumphant Stage,
But by that fall hathendlesse glorie gain de:

Mourning Garment.

And foolish death would faine if he could weepe, For killing Her he had no power to keepe.

Thenots Epitaph.

Elizarich and Royall, faire and iuft:

Giues heaven her Soule, and leaves her Flesh to duft.

Dryopes Epitaph.

There is no beautie but it vades, No glory but is veyld with shades:

So is Eliza Queene of Maids

ind

Stoopt to her Fate.

Tet Death in this hash little thriu'de, For thus her vertues have atchieu'de, She shall, by verse, live still reniu'de

in spight of Hate. Chloris Epitaph.

Eliza that astonished her foes,

Stoopt her rebellious subjects at her feete:

Whose minde was *Still the same in joy and woes.

Whose frowne was fearfull, and her fauours sweete:

Swaid all this land, but most her selfe she swaide,

Liu'de a chaste Queene and di'de a Royall Maide.

* Her Royall word or motto was, Semper Eadem.

These Epitaphs ended, the Nymphs and Shepheards led by Collin and Thenot, who afore plaide heavy tunes on their oaten Pipes, gotte to their severall cottages, and spent their time till midnight, mourning for Eliza: But Sleepe, the equaller of Kings and captives, banished their forrowes. What humor they are in after rest, you shall in the morning heare: for commonly, as the day is, so are our affections disposed.

The



The order and proceeding at the Funerall of the Right High and Mightie

Princesse Elizabeth Queene of England, France, and Ireland : from the Pallace of Westminster called White-hall: To the Cathedrall Church of Westminster : the 18. of April. 1603.

Irft, the Knight Marshals men, to make way. Fifteene poore men.

Next, the 260. poore women, by foure and foure.

Then, servants of Gentlemen, Efquiers, and Knights.

Two Porters.

Next, foure Trumpetors.

After them

Rose, Pursuant at Armes.

Two Sergeants at Armes.

The Standerd of the Dragon, borne by Sir George Bourcher.

Two Querries leading a horse, conered in blacke cloth.

Then the messengers of the Cham-

ber, foure and foure.

Children of the Almondry. Children of the Woodyard, Children of the Skullery. Children and furners of the pastry. The Skalding house.

The Larder.

After them, Groomes, being

Wheate porters. Coopers. Wine-porters.

Conducts in the Bakehouse. Bel-ringer

Maker of Spice-bags. Cart takers, chosen by the bord. Long Cartes.

Cart takers. Of the Almery.

Of the Stable. Of the Woodyard.

Skullery. Paftrie.

Skalding house. Poultrie.

Caterie. Boyling house.

Larder. Kitchin.

Laundrie.

Ewry. Confectionary. Wafery.

Chaundry. Pitcherhouse.

Buttrie. Seller. Pantrie. Bakehouse Counting house.

Pitcher house. Brewers. Buttrie. Purueyors. Seller.

Pantrie. Then Noblemens and Embaffadors Garneter. feruants, and Groomes of the Bakehouse. chamber.

Counting house.

Foure Trumpetters.

Spicerie. Chamber.

Blemmantle.

Robes. Wardrop.

A Sergeant at Armes.

Earles and Counteffes feruants.

The Standard of the Greyhound, borne Foure Trompetors. by M. Herbert, brother to the Earle of Penbroke.

Portcullis.

Yomen of the Servicors in the hall, A Sergeant at Armes. foure and foure.

Yomen Cart-takers. Porters. Almondrie. Herbingers. Woodyard. Skullerie. Paffrie. Poultrie and Scalding house. Purueyors of the Poultry. Purueyors of the Acatrie. Stable. Boyling house. Larder.

The Standard of the Lyon, borne by M. Thomas Somerfet.

Two Quirries leading a horse trapped with blacke veluer.

Sergeant of the Vestrie. Children of the Chappell in furplesfes. Gentlemen of the Chappel in copes

Deputie Clarke of the Market Clarkes extraordinarie.

all of them finging Clearks.

Coferer. Diet.

M.Cooke for the houshold-

Paftrie. Larder. Skullerie.

Wood-

Tallow Chandler. Chaundrie.

Confectionarie.

Purueyor of the waxe.

Kitchin. Ewrie.

Waferie.

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Woodyard. Poultrie Bakehouse. Acatrie. Stable.

Sergeants.
Gent. Herbinger.
Wood-yard.
Scullery.
Paftry.
Catery.
Larder
Ewry.
Seller.
Pantrie.
Bakehoufe.

Master Cooke of the Kitchin.
Clarks of the Querrie,
Second and third clarke of
the Chaundrie.
Second & third clark of the Kitchin.
Superuifors of the Dresser.
Surueyer of the dresser, for the
chamber.

Musitions.
Apoticaries and Chirurgions.
Sewers of the hall.
Sewers of the chamber.
Groome Porter.

Gentlemen vihers quarter waiters. Clarke, Marshall and Auenor. Chiefe clarke of the wardrop. Chiefe clarke of the Kitchin. Two clarkes controllers. Clarkes of the greene cloth. Maister of the houshold. Sir Henrie Cocke cofferer.

Rouge Dragen.

A Segeant at Armes.

The Banner of Cheffer borne by the L.

Zouch betweene two Seargeants at

Armes.

Clarks of the councel, foure & four.
Clarks of the priny Seale.
Clarks of the Signet.
Clarks of the Parli ament.
Doctors of Phisicke.
The Queenes Chaplaines.
Secretaries for the Latine, Italian & French tongues.

Rouge Croffe.

Betweene two Seargeants at armes.

The banner of Cornwall borne by the L.

Herbert Sonne and heire to the Earle

of VVorcefler.

Officers to the Major of London. Aldermen of London. Solliciter, Atturney, and Sergeant at Maister of Reuels, & M. of the tents Knights Bachelors. Lord chiefe Baron, and Lord chiefe Iustice of the common pleas. Maister of the Iewell house. Knights which have been Embaffadors and Gentlèmen Agents. Sewers for the Queene. Sewers for the bodie. Esquiers of the bodie. Gentlemen of the privile chamber Gentlemen Penfioners houlding their Pol-axes heads down wards couered with blacke. The

The Banner of VVales, borne by the Viscount Binden. Maister of the Requests. Agents for Venice, and the Estates. Lord Major of London. Sir Iohn Popham. Sir Iohn Fortescue. Sir Robert Cicell principall Secretary. About it twelue Banner-Rols, fix on Controller & Treasurer of houshold

inher hand, lying on the corps, balmed and leaded, couered with Purple veluet, borne in a chariot, drawne by foure horses trapt in blacke veluet.

Gentlemen Vihers: white rods. each fide, caried by 12.noblemen. Sixe Earles assistants with them the Footemen.

by foure Noblemen.

The Earle of VVorcester, Maister of the Horse, leading the Palfrey of Honour.

Two Esquiers and a Groome to attend and leade him away. Gentlemen Vihers of the Privie

chamber. Garter, king of Armes.

Lady Marchionesse of Northamton, assisted by the Lord Treasurer & Lord Admirall.

Chiefe Mourner, her traine caried by two Countesses, and Maister Vicechamberlaine.

The great Embrodered banner of England Fourteene Countesses assistants. Viscountesses. Earles daughters.

> Baronefles. Maids of Honor of the privie cham-

Captaine of the Guard, with all the Guard following, five and five in a ranke, their holberds downeward.

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rds The Banner of Ireland borne by the Earle A Canapie borne ouer the chariot of Clanricard. Barons. Bishops. Earles eldest sonnes. Viscounts. Dukes second sons.

Earles. Marqueles. Bishop of Chichester, Almoner, Preacher at the funeral. Lord Keeper & Archbishop of Cant. The French Embassador.

Foure Sergeants of Armes.

borne by the Earle of Penbroke, Ladies of Honour and the Lord Haward of Effingbam. Counteffes Some fet and Richmond. York, Helme and Creft. Chefter, Target. Nor ey, king at Armes, Sword. Clarenceaux king at Armes, Coat.

The lively picture of her Highnesse whole body, crowned in her Parliament Robes, with her Scepter

F 2

The

The twelue Bannerols were caried by twelue Barons, beginning at the yongest first.

The first Banner, was of king Henry the second, and Elenor of Aquitaine, caried by the Lord Norris.

The second, of king Iohn, and Isabel of Angolisme, caried by the Lord Compton.

The third, of king Henry the third, and Elenor of Arragon, caried by the Lord Chandoies.

The fourth, of king Edward the first, and Elenor of Castile, caried by the L.

The fift of Edward the second, and IJabel of France, caried by the Lord Darcie of the South.

The fixt, of king Edward the third, and Philippa of Haynolt, caried by the L. Cromwel.

The seuenth, of Edmond Langley Duke of Yorke, and Ijabel of Castile, caried by the L. Windsor.

The eight, of Richard Earle of Cambridge, and Anne Mortimer, caried by the L. Darcie of the North.

The ninth, of Richard Duke of Yorke, and Cicely Neuill caried by the Lord Dudley.

The tenth of king Edward the fourth, & Elizabeth Woodnile, caried by the Lord Gray.

The eleventh, of king Henry the seventh, and Elizabeth daughter to king Edward the sourth: caried by the Lord Cobham.

The twelfth, of Henry the eight and Anne Bulline, father and mother to our late deceased Queene :caried by the Lord de la Ware.

The

The Shepheards Spring-Song, in gratulation of the royall, happy, and flourishing entrance to the Maiestie of England, by the most potent and prudent Soueraigne Iames King of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland.

Collin. THenot and Chloris, red lipt Driepe, (fielde Shepheards, Nymphs Swaines, all that delight in Liuing by harmeleffe thrift your fat heards yeelde Why flacke yee now your loued company? Vp fluggards, learne, the larkes do mount and fing. Their cheerefull Carrolls, to falute our King. The Mauis blacke-bird, and the little Wren, The Nitingale upon the hawthorne brire, And all the wingd Musitions in a Quire, Do with their notes rebuke dull lazie men. Vp shepeheards, vp; your flouth breeds al your shames You fleep like beafts, while birds falute K. James. The gray eyde morning with a bluftering cheeke, Like Englands, Royall Rose mixt red and white, Summons all eies to pleafure and delight: Behold the euenings deaws doe vpward reeke, Drawn by the Sun, which now doth gild the skie, With his light-giuing and world-cheering eie. O thats well done; I see your cause of stay, Was to adorne your tempels with freih flowers: And gather beautie to bedecke your powers, That they may seeme the cabinets of May: Honor this time, Sweetest of all sweete Springs. That fo much good fo many pleasures brings. For now alone the livery of the earth Gives not live comfort to your bleating lambes, Nor fils the strouting vdders of their dams; It yeeldes another cause of gleesome mirth, This ground weares all her best embrodery, To entertaine our Soueraignes Maiestie.

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The Shepheards

And well she may, for neuer English ground Bore such a Soueraigne as this royall Lord: Looke vpon all Antiquities Record; In no Involment such a King is found.

Beginne with Brute, (if that of Brute be true)
As Ple not doubt, but give old Bards their due.
He was a Prince vnsetled, sought a shore,
To rest his long tost Troian scattered race:
And (as tis sed) found here a resting place:
Grant this: but yeeld he did false gods adore.

The Nations' were not cald to Christ that time,
Black Pagan clouds darkned this goodly clime.
So, when dissension brought the Romans in,
No Casar till the godly Constantine,
(Descended truly from the Brittish line)
Purg'd this Iles aire from Idoll-hated sinne;

Yet in care of Rome left Deputies:

Our Iames maintaines (himfelfe) his dignities, The Saxon, & the Dane, fcourgd with sharp steele, (So did the Norman Duke) this beauteous land, Inuading Lords, raigne with an yron hand: A gentler ruling in this change we feele,

Our Lyon comes as meekly as a doue,
Not conqu'ring vs vs by hurt, but hartie loue,
Euen as a calme to tempelt-toffed men,
As bread to the faint foule with famine vext;
As a coole fpring to those with heate perplext,
As the Sunnes light into a fearefull denne,

So comes our King: euen in a time of need,
To faue, to shine, to comfort, and to feed.
O Shepheards, sing his-welcome with sweet notes,
Nymphs, strew his way with Roses red and white,
Prouide all passimes that may sense delight,
Offer the sleeces of your slockes white cotes:

He

Spring-song.

He that now spares, doth in that saving spill; Where Worth is little, Vertue likes good will. Now from the Orchades to the Cornish Iles, From thence to Cambria, and the Hiberian shore, The sound of civill warre is heard no more, Each countenance is garnished with similes,

All in one hymne with sweet contentment fing,
The praise and power of lames our onely King.
Our only King: one Lord, one Soueraigne;
O long-defired, and perfected good!
By him the heate of wrath, and boiling bloud
Is mildly quencht; pale Enuy counted vaine.

One King, one people: bleffed vnitie!
That ties fuch mighty Nations to agree.
Shepheards, Ile not be tedious in my fong;
For that I fee you bent to active fport;
Though I perswade me all time is too short
To welcome him, whom we have wisht for long.

Well done, dance on; looke how your little lambs, Skip as you fpring, about their fleecie dams. Thus were ye wont to trip about the Greene,

And dance in ringlets, like to Fairie Elues,
Striuing in cunning to exceede your felues,
In honour of your late-falne fummer Queene:

But now exceede; this May excels all springs, Which King and Queene, and Prince and Princesse brings.

Showt ioyfully, ye Nymphs and rurall Swaines, Your mailter Pan will now protect your folds, Your cottages will be as fafe as Holds, Feare neither Wolues, nor fubtill Foxes traines,

A royall king will of your weale take keepe, Heele be your Shepheard, you shall be his sheepe. He comes in pompe; so should a king appeare, Gods Deputie should set the world at gaze,

Yes

Yethis milde lookes drive vs from all amaze,
Clap hands for ioy, our Soueraigne draweth neere,
Sing Io, Io, thepheards dance and fing,
Expresse all ioy, in welcoming our King.

The aire, the fealon, and the earth accord In Pleasure, Order, both for fight and sense: All things looke fresh to greet his excellence, And Collin humbly thus fautes his Lord:

Dread and beloud, live Englands happy King, While feafons last Fresh as the lively Spring.

FINIS.



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